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ACTION DEPARTMENT 1452; INFORMATION GENEVA 119.

DEPARTMENT POUCH PARIS FOR USRO

USUN INFORMATION DIGEST NO. 81

SECURITY COUNCIL -- CUBA

SYG THANT INFORMED SC LATE OCT 24 HE HAD, AT REQUEST OF "LARGE NUMBER" UN MEMBERS, ADDRESSED URGENT APPEAL TO KENNEDY AND KHRUSHCHEV FOR TWO-TO-THREE-WEEK VOLUNTARY SUSPENSION OF ALL ARMS SHIPMENTS TO CUBA AND OF SEARCHING OF SHIPS BOUND FOR CUBA. PARTIES, IT WAS STRESSED, SHOULD BE GIVEN TIME "GET TOGETHER WITH VIEW TO RESOLVING PRESENT CRISIS PEACEFULLY AND NORMALIZING SITUATION IN CARIBBEAN."

SYG OFFERED TO MAKE HIMSELF AVAILABLE TO ALL PARTIES. AFTER READING MESSAGE, SYG ALSO APPEALED TO CUBAN PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER TO SUSPEND CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MAJOR MILITARY FACILITIES DURING NEGOTIATIONS. FOLLOWING SYG'S STATEMENT, COUNCIL AGREED TO ADJOURN UNTIL 4 PM OCT 25. PRESIDENT ZORIN (USSR) RESERVED RIGHT TO CALL EARLIER MEETING SHOULD CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRE.

RMR

UAR AND GHANA INTRODUCED RESOLUTION (S/5190) REQUESTING SYG TO CONFER WITH PARTIES DIRECTLY CONCERNED ON IMMEDIATE STEPS TO REMOVE THREAT TO PEACE, AND CALLING ON PARTIES ASSIST SYG IN PERFORMANCE HIS TASK AND, MEANWHILE, TO REFRAIN FROM ANY ACTION WHICH MIGHT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY AGGRAVATE SITUATION. BOTH GHANA AND UAR DISAPPROVED US QUARANTINE.

EARLIER, UK, FRANCE, CHINA AND CHILE SUPPORTED US RESOLUTION, AND VENEZUELA URGED COUNCIL TAKE MEASURES STOP NUCLEAR WEAPONS FROM ARRIVING IN CUBA AND TO ENSURE DISMANTLING OF PRESENT

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BASES. IMPORTANCE OF ENTERING INTO NEGOTIATIONS "BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE" STRESSED BY IRISH FOREIGN MINISTER AIKEN. RUMANIA ENDORSED USSR RESOLUTION.

IT HAD BEEN PROVED SOVIET UNION HAD SET UP BASES IN CUBA FOR LAUNCHING LONG-RANGE ROCKETS, SOSA-RODRIGUEZ (VENEZUELA) SAID. THESE WERE, HE NOTED, OFFENSIVE WEAPONS CAPABLE WIPE OUT ANY NATION OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE. SPEAKING ON BEHALF ALL LA'S, HE URGED SC TAKE STEPS STOP NUCLEAR WEAPONS FROM ARRIVING IN CUBA AND TO ENSURE DISMANTLING EXISTING NUCLEAR BASES. LA'S, HOPED USSR REALIZE THEIR "ENORMOUS ANXIETY" AND COOPERATE IN ELIMINATING THIS "GRAVE DANGER" TO PEACE.

-- US BACKED BY UK --

BY "DELIBERATE AND DECEITFUL ACT OF PROVOCATION", USSR INTRODUCING IN WESTERN HEMISPHERE NUCLEAR WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION, DEAN (UK) STATED, ADDING THOSE RESPONSIBLE FOR SECURITY OF HEMISPHERE COULD NOT TOLERATE THIS SITUATION. THIS WAS REAL ISSUE, AND NOT, AS HAD BEEN "PRETENDED", RIGHT OF GOVERNMENT TAKE MEASURES FOR ITS DEFENSE. HE CONTRASTED FRANKNESS AND CLARITY OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S STATEMENTS WITH GA SPEECHES ON GROMYKO (USSR) AND CUBAN PRESIDENT DORTICOS.

ZORIN (USSR), DEAN CONTINUED, DENIED USSR SUPPLIED OFFENSIVE WEAPONS TO CUBA. HOWEVER, NEITHER HE NOR GARCIA-INCHAUSTEGUI (CUBA) DENIED USSR SUPPLIED MISSILES TO CUBA. BY NO STRETCH "EVEN OF SOVIET IMAGINATION" COULD NUCLEAR MISSILES WITH 2000 MILE RANGE BE CALLED "DEFENSIVE", DEAN STRESSED. HE COMPARED "SECRET AND FURTIVE WAY" USSR ACTED IN CUBA WITH "OPEN ATTITUDE" OF NATO GOVERNMENTS, WHICH HAD NOT SOUGHT TO HIDE ESTABLISHMENT, BY MUTUAL AGREEMENT, OF BASES FOR DEFENSE FREE WORLD.

DEAN AGREED WITH SOSA-RODRIGUEZ USSR ACTION REPRESENTED REAL THREAT TO SECURITY ALL OAS COUNTRIES. US ACTED PROPERLY IN COMING TO SC "AT FIRST POSSIBLE MOMENT." IT WAS NOW UP TO COUNCIL TAKE IMMEDIATE STEPS DEAL WITH SITUATION. HE CALLED ON SOVIET AND CUBAN LEADERS WITHDRAW "BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE" MISSILES WHICH SHOULD NEVER HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED.

US, MALITZA (ROMANIA) ARGUED, HAD NO RIGHT DENOUNCE DEFENSIVE SYSTEM OF SMALL COUNTRY, ESPECIALLY WHEN IT WAS ONLY RESPONSE TO US "AGGRESSIVE ACTS". ONLY "OFFENSIVE" BASE IN CUBA WAS AT

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GUANTANAMO. UN COULD NOT LET US "ACTS OF PIRACY" GO "UNCONDEMNED AND UNPUNISHED." NAVAL BLOCKADE WAS "ACT OF WAR", HE STRESSED.

CUBA'S CONCERN FOR ITS NATIONAL SECURITY UNDERSTANDABLE IN VIEW OF ATTEMPT MADE BY "CUBAN REFUGEE ELEMENTS" INVADE CUBA LAST YEAR, IRISH FOREIGN MINISTER AIKEN OBSERVED. IT WAS ONLY NATURAL FOR CUBA SEEK STRENGTHEN ITS DEFENSES TO COPE WITH ANY SIMILAR ATTACK. HOWEVER, MILITARY BUILD-UP CUBA NOW SEEMS TO HAVE EMBARKED UPON WITH "MASSIVE" USSR ASSISTANCE CLEARLY AMOUNTS TO MUCH MORE THAN MERE STRENGTHENING CUBA'S DEFENSES.

AIKEN FOUND IT DIFFICULT TO UNDERSTAND WHY USSR, GIVEN PRESENT WORLD TENSIONS, HAD TAKEN STEP UPSETTING EXISTING DELICATE BALANCE OF WORLD SECURITY. FOR SEVERAL YEARS, NO NEW FOREIGN BASES HAD BEEN ESTABLISHED, AND MANY HOPED GREAT POWERS SEEKING WAYS OF WITHDRAWING FROM BASES WHENEVER THEY COULD. HE FOUND IT GREAT DISAPPOINTMENT ANY SMALL NATION SHOULD "WILLINGLY BECOME NEW STRATEGIC BASE FOR PROSECUTION OF COLD WAR OR SPEARHEAD IN NUCLEAR CONFLICT."

IN VIEW OF USSR STATEMENTS RE CAPABILITIES ITS ROCKETS, AIKEN ASKED WHY CUBA SOUGHT REINFORCE POWERFUL PROTECTION OF USSR BY OBVIOUSLY LESS POWERFUL AND MORE VULNERABLE BASES ON OWN TERRITORY.

WHILE USSR MIGHT CRITICIZE US ACTION, IT COULD NOT FAIL TO UNDERSTAND IT, CONSIDERING THAT ON MORE THAN ONE OCCASION USSR HAD WARNED NEIGHBORING COUNTRIES STATIONING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS BE REGARDED AS THREAT TO SOVIET SECURITY.

BOTH US AND USSR HAD PROPOSED NEGOTIATIONS, AIKEN NOTED, BUT ONLY AS FINAL STEP IN WIDER SCHEME OF PROPOSALS, AGREEMENT ON WHICH MIGHT TAKE TIME ACHIEVE. HOWEVER, DANGER TO PEACE BROOKED NO DELAY, AND HE HOPED NEGOTIATIONS BE ENTERED INTO WHILE THERE STILL TIME.

-- FRENCH POSITION OUTLINED --

WHEN SMALL POWER PLACES ITSELF AT DISPOSAL OF GREAT POWER AND LENDS ITSELF TO OFFENSIVE MILITARY PREPARATIONS, THERE IS THREAT TO PEACE OF WORLD WITH WHICH UN SHOULD BE SEIZED, SEYDOUX (FRANCE) STATED. HE SAW NO JUSTIFICATION FOR INTRODUCTION

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OF POWERFUL WEAPONS IN COUNTRY WHICH WAS NOT OBJECT OF TERRITORIAL CLAIMS OR NUCLEAR THREAT. PRESENCE OF FOREIGN NUCLEAR MISSILES IN CUBA OPENED UP NEW WAR THREAT IN AREA PREVIOUSLY FREE FROM SUCH THREATS. BE "PARADOXICAL" IF SC FAILED TAKE INTO ACCOUNT VIEWS OF ENTIRE CONTINENT, AS EXPRESSED IN OCT 23 OAS COUNCIL RESOLUTION, HE ASSERTED.

WHEN PRESIDENT ZORIN (USSR) GAVE FLOOR TO "MR. LIU", CHINESE REPRESENTATIVE REMARKED THAT AT THIS CRUCIAL HOUR IT BE INAPPROPRIATE NOT TO OVERLOOK UNPARLIAMENTARY MANNER IN WHICH CHAIR GAVE HIM FLOOR. LIU EXPRESSED GREAT SYMPATHY FOR CUBAN PEOPLE, WHO SUFFERED SAME FATE AS MAINLAND CHINESE. HE DID NOT FIND IT SURPRISING THAT USSR INSTALLED MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS IN CUBA. SOSA-RODRIGUEZ HAD EXPRESSED TRUE FEELING OF LA PEOPLE, HE OBSERVED, ADDING SC COULD NOT TURN DEAF EAR TO OAS RESOLUTION.

CONTINUING, LIU MADE POINT IT WAS NOT "TINY CUBA" BUT SOVIET NUCLEAR BASE WHICH POSED THREAT TO WESTERN HEMISPHERE. US WELL WITHIN ITS RIGHTS IN ATTEMPTING HALT FLOW OF OFFENSIVE WEAPONS TO CUBA. US ACTION COMPATIBLE WITH CHARTER. IN PLACING MATTER BEFORE SC, US DEMONSTRATED DESIRE PREVENT AGGRAVATION OF SITUATION, HE ADDED.

-- STATEMENT OF CHILE --

CHILE, SCHWEITZER (CHILE) STRESSED, MAINTAINED NORMAL RELATIONS WITH CUBA AND HAD ALWAYS TAKE DISPASSIONATE ATTITUDE TOWARD CUBAN SITUATION. HOWEVER, QUESTION NO LONGER ONE OF CUBAN REVOLUTION OR ITS EXPORT, BUT OF GRADUAL TAKE-OVER OF CUBA BY EXTRA-CONTINENTAL POWER WHICH TRYING TO TURN IT INTO WAR-LIKE BEACHHEAD. THIS POWER WAS ONLY INTERESTED IN CUBA AS "PAWN IN WORLD GAME OF CHESS." RECENT EVENTS "PROVED TO US" SITES HAD BEEN ESTABLISHED IN CUBA FOR LAUNCHING NUCLEAR MISSILES WHICH THREATENED EXISTENCE OF HEMISPHERE.

IN SUPPORTING US RESOLUTION, SCHWEITZER REGRETTED GARCIA-INCHAUSTEGUI REJECTED PROPOSAL TO SEND UN OBSERVERS TO CUBA AND APPEALED TO CUBA TO ACCEPT THIS UN WAY OF DEALING WITH INTERNATIONAL CRISES. EVEN IF US RESOLUTION NOT ADOPTED, HE CONSIDERED IT NECESSARY SYG NOMINATE COMMISSION WHICH GO IMMEDIATELY TO CUBA. NOTING WITH SATISFACTION BOTH US AND USSR RESOLUTIONS CALLED FOR US-USSR NEGOTIATIONS, HE EXPRESSED BELIEF SYG SHOULD "TAKE SOME INITIATIVE."

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-- UAR AND GHANA VIEWS --

ALL MEMBERS HAD URGENT DUTY SEEK IMMEDIATE END OF PRESENT CRISIS, RIAD (UAR) STRESSED. UAR, HE SAID, COULD NOT CONDONE UNILATERAL US DECISION FOR QUARANTINE, WHICH CONTRARY TO INTERNATIONAL LAW AND THREAT TO PEACE. AFTER NOTING USSR DENIED SENDING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO CUBA, HE REAFFIRMED UAR'S OPPOSITION TO SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS. NEUTRAL SOCIALIST CUBA COULD BE FREE FROM ALL MILITARY BASES, HE SUGGESTED.

GHANA, QUAISON-SACKEY (GHANA) SAID, NOT IN POSITION VERIFY INFORMATION RE STEPS CUBA ALLEGED TO HAVE TAKEN. ON BASIS INFORMATION FURNISHED BY US HE UNDERSTOOD US FEARS. HOWEVER, HE QUESTIONED WHETHER THESE FEARS CONSTITUTED SUFFICIENT JUSTIFICATION FOR NAVAL BLOCKADE. HE CITED USSR AND CUBAN ASSURANCES RE DEFENSIVE NATURE WEAPONS FURNISHED BY USSR, OBSERVING THESE ASSURANCES SHOULD ALLAY US FEARS.

CONTINUING, QUAISON-SACKEY SUGGESTED US GIVE WRITTEN GUARANTEE TO SC IT HAD NO INTENTION WHATEVER OF TAKING OFFENSIVE MILITARY ACTION DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY AGAINST CUBA, AND THAT CUBA GIVE WRITTEN GUARANTEE IT HAD NO INTENTION WHATEVER OF TAKING MILITARY ACTION AGAINST ANY WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRY.

MEASURES TAKEN BY ANY STATE TO PRESERVE ITS SECURITY MATTER OF OWN JUDGMENT, QUAISON-SACKEY HELD. ANY ALLEGATION SUCH MEASURES HAD OFFENSIVE CHARACTER MUCH BE ACCCOMPANIED BY INCONTROVERTIBLE PROOF. HE DOUBTED SUCH PROOF OF CUBA'S OFFENSIVE DESIGNS HAD BEEN FURNISHED. HE WAS THEREFORE GREATLY CONCERNED BY US BLOCKADE. ACTION CONTEMPLATED BY US CONSTITUTED ENFORCEMENT ACTION WHICH COULD ONLY BE TAKEN WITH SC AUTHORIZATION: IT WAS NOT JUSTIFIED BY RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE, HE ARGUED.

-- SYG'S STATEMENT --

UN FACED MOMENT OF GRAVE RESPONSIBILITY, SYG THANT ASSERTED, ADDING FATE OF MANKIND AT STAKE. HE SAW COMMON GROUND IN US AND USSR RESOLUTION PROVISIONS CALLING FOR NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN PARTIES CONCERNED, BUT EXPRESSED VIEW SOME OF MATTERS "PROPOSED OR TAKEN" WHICH SC CALLED UPON TO APPROVE "ARE VERY UNUSUAL AND, I MIGHT SAY, EVEN EXTRAORDINARY, EXCEPT IN WAR TIME."

CUBAN "PIRACY" CHARGES --

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UN CIRCULATED (A/5266) OCT 19 CUBAN LETTER DETAILING CHARGES
"CUBAN COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY GROUPS, ACTING WITH COMPLETE
IMPUNITY AND WITH KNOWLEDGE AND PROTECTION OF US AUTHORITIES,
ARE CARRYING OUT TYPICAL ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL PIRACY."

~~NUCLEAR TESTING~~

MAURITANIA AND SENEGAL ADDED AS CO-SPONSORS OF 30-POWER
RESOLUTION CALLING FOR CESSION ALL NUCLEAR TESTS NOT LATER
THAN JAN 1.

COMMITTEE 2 -- ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

COMMITTEE OCT 24 AGREED ON NOON NOV 1 DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION
RESOLUTIONS ON ALL ITEMS FIRST AGENDA GROUP EXCEPT ITEM 36,
FOR WHICH DEADLINE IS OCT 26. STATEMENTS ON ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT MADE BY NORWAY, MALI, EL SALVADOR, SENEGAL,
CAMBODIA. CHAIRMAN EXPRESSED HOPE GENERAL DEBATE CONCLUDE OCT 26.

NORWAY SUGGESTED SPECIAL FUND ENTER FIELD OF CAPITAL ASSISTANCE
AND EMPHASIZED NEED FOR THOROUGH PREPARATION TRADE CONFERENCE.
EL SALVADOR URGED SUPPORT FOR CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.

SENEGAL STRESSED ITS CONCEPT OF "AFRICAN SOCIALISM," WHICH IT
ALSO ATTRIBUTED TO GHANA AND GUINEA. DECLARING COMMON MARKET
ASSOCIATION NOT INCOMPATIBLE WITH AFRICAN ECONOMIC INTEGRATION,
SENEGAL QUOTED SPAAK (BELGIUM) TO EFFECT EEC HAS NO TRACE
NEO-COLONIALISM AND CONSTITUTES NO OBSTACLE TO AFRICAN
INDUSTRIALIZATION. TRADE CONFERENCE SHOULD BE HELD SOON AS
POSSIBLE, SENEGAL BELIEVED, WITH PREPARATORY COMMITTEE OF 30.

MODIFICATION GATT OR EXPANSION CICT INTO INTERNATIONAL TRADE
ORGANIZATION SUGGESTED BY MALI, WHICH SUPPORTED 1963 TRADE
CONFERENCE. WITH RESPECT TO COMMODITY TRADE, MALI ARGUED
AVOIDING FLUCTUATIONS MORE IMPORTANT THAN FINANCIAL
COMPENSATION FOR THEM. ENDORSING DEVELOPMENT DECADE AS
"ACT OF FAITH", MALI HOPED IT MARK NEW STAGE IN INTERNATIONAL
COOPERATION.

CAMBODIA GAVE HOPEFUL REVIEW OF PROGRESS CAMBODIAN ECONOMY
AND EXPECTATIONS UNDER CURRENT FIVE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT PLAN
(60-64). SAID TECHNICAL AND CAPITAL ASSISTANCE STILL REQUIRED
AND WELCOME FROM ALL SOURCES. IN VIEW OF PARTICULAR NEED
FOR FOREIGN PRIVATE CAPITAL FOR "JOINT CORPORATIONS,"
CAMBODIA GIVES SUCH CAPITAL SPECIAL POSITION AND PROTECTION.

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COMMITTEE 4 -- SOUTHERN RHODESIA

UK'S RESPONSIBILITY INTERVENE IN SOUTHERN RHODESIA STRESSED BY NIGERIA, ALBANIA, JAMAICA, INDONESIA, UAR IN COMMITTEE OCT. 24.

CONSTITUTION WHICH DIVIDED PEOPLES CONCERNED MUST BE UNTHINKABLE TO "DEMOCRATIC COUNTRY SUCH AS UK," WHICH HAD "GOOD RECORD" IN FIELD OF DECOLONIZATION, PALAR (INDONESIA) STATED, URGING UK "SET ASIDE" NEW CONSTITUTION. MONGUNO (NIGERIA) SUGGESTED UK ISSUE "PUBLIC STATEMENT" SR NOT GAIN INDEPENDENCE UNTIL "REAL DEMOCRACY" ESTABLISHED -- AFRICAN MAJORITY RULE. NIGERIA SUPPORT UN "GOOD OFFICES COMMITTEE," HE SAID.

UK NEVER MADE SECRET OF FLEXIBILITY OF CONSTITUTIONAL INSTITUTIONS, MARSH (JAMAICA) NOTED, BUT IN CASE OF SR IT HAD CHOSEN "BLOCK DOOR WITH TRUMPED-UP CONVENTION". JAMAICA SUPPORTED TRINIDAD'S PLEA THAT UK GUIDE TERRITORY AND ALL ITS PEOPLE TOWARD STABLE INDEPENDENCE HE SAID. FAYEK (UAR) HELD 1961 CONSTITUTION MUST BE SET ASIDE AND NEW CONFERENCE, WITH FULL PARTICIPATION AFRICAN POLITICAL PARTIES, CONVENED NOT LATER THAN END OF YEAR.

COMMITTEE 5 -- 1963 BUDGET ESTIMATES

USSR NOT PRESS TO VOTE PROPOSAL FOR \$5,000,000 ANNUAL CEILING ON OPI ACTIVITIES BECAUSE OF INSUFFICIENT SUPPORT, SOKIRKIN (USSR) ANNOUNCED OCT 24 AS COMMITTEE CONTINUED CONSIDERATION SECTION 3 OF 1963 BUDGET. GENERAL DEBATE STATEMENTS MADE BY CAMBODIA, SUDAN, BYELORUSSIA, ITALY.

CONTROLLED EXPANSION WHOLLY IN LINE WITH SPIRIT OF DEVELOPMENT DECADE AND STAFF INCREASE JUSTIFIED, AHMED (SUDAN) STATED, ADDING THERE WAS IRONY IN MAKING UN BUDGET SPEECH WHEN "WORLD IS ON BRINK OF WAR."

US WAS "ENEMY OF TRADE WITH SOVIET UNION" AND "EVEN ENCOURAGING PIRACY IN OPEN SEAS," KOLBASIN (BYELORUSSIA) CHARGED. CURRENT SESSION SOULD ESTABLISH CEILING FOR REGULAR BUDGET, HE DECLARED. DECISION ISSUE UN BONDS "ILLEGAL" AND SALE OPENED DOOR FOR INCREASED INFLUENCE "NEO-COLONIALIST AND MILITARISTIC POWERS", HE CLAIMED, ADDING FRG, "PRESENTLY CRACK FORCE OF NATO" AND NOT UN MEMBER, ALREADY PURCHASED \$10,000,000 WORTH BONDS.

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IN REPLY KOLBASIN'S CHARGE US AND OTHER NATO COUNTRIES "DOMINATING" COMMITTEE ON CONTRIBUTIONS WITH RESULT ASSESSMENTS SOCIALIST COUNTRIES INCREASED WHILE THOSE OF US AND OTHER NATO COUNTRIES DECREASED, BENDER READ PART OF GA RESOLUTION ESTABLISHING MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTION OF ANY MEMBER FOR WHICH BYELORUSSIA VOTED AFFIRMATIVELY.

EARLIER (OCT 23), COMMITTEE CONSIDERED ON FIRST READING AC-RECOMMENDED APPROPRIATIONS FOR SECTION 3 (SALARIES AND WAGES) OF 1963 BUDGET ESTIMATES AND HEARD GENERAL DEBATE STATEMENTS BY ETHIOPIA AND HUNGARY.--CHAIRMAN ANNOUNCED SPEAKERS' LIST ON BUDGET ESTIMATES BE CLOSED ON ADJOURNMENT OCT 24 MEETING.

UNDER RIGHT OF REPLY TO KOMIVES (HUNGARY), BENDER POINTED OUT NO US TROOPS IN CONGO AND US NOT CAC MEMBER. WITH REFERENCE TO KOMIVES' STATEMENT STEVENSON TOLD HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES US CONTRIBUTION SHOULD BE 44 TO 45 PER CENT, BENDER EXPLAINED STEVENSON SPOKE ABOUT PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS, NOT REGULAR SCALE OF ASSESSMENTS. ADMITTING THERE WAS "HONEST MISUNDERSTANDING" ON INCOME TAX REFUNDS OF US NATIONALS IN SECRETARIAT, HE POINTED OUT FUNDS OF NO OTHER MEMBER INVOLVED IN REIMBURSEMENT.

CANADA WOULD SUPPORT \$6,000,000 AC-RECOMMENDED CEILING FOR 1963 OPI ACTIVITIES, BRADY (CANADA) SAID. SOKIRKIN (USSR) FELT PRACTICE OF NOT APPOINTING NATIONALS OF HOST COUNTRIES AS DIRECTORS OF INFORMATION CENTERS SMACKED OF LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN PEOPLE INVITED SERVE.

ASUNCION INFORMATION CENTER --

NEW INFORMATION CENTER OPENED IN ASUNCION OCT 24, UN ANNOUNCED. SCHNAKE (CHILE) NAMED DIRECTOR IN ADDITION TO PRESENT ASSIGNMENT AS TA-SPECIAL FUND RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE IN PARAGUAY.

NIGER CREDENTIALS --

NIGER'S NEW PERMANENT UN REPRESENTATIVE, SIDIKOU PRESENTED CREDENTIALS TO SYG.

COFFEE AGREEMENT --

IVORY COAST BECAME 30TH SIGNATORY TO 'COFFEE AGREEMENT', UN ANNOUNCED.

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UN MEETINGS --

FOLLOWING UN MEETINGS SCHEDULED OCT 25:

A.M. - SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE
COMMITTEE 2
COMMITTEE 3
COMMITTEE 4
~~AC ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY QUESTIONS (CLOSED)~~

P.M. - SECURITY COUNCIL
GA PLENARY
COMMITTEE 2
COMMITTEE 4
COMMITTEE 5
SUBCOMMITTEE ON ANGOLA (CLOSED)

I P.M. - COMMITTEE 4

STEVENSON

HC

NOTE: POUCHFD BY DCT.

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